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# FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

John Bull is Agreed That the Dynamiters Get Their Supplies and Backing in America,

For Col. Majendie and the London "Times" Say So.

The President of Guatemala Shot at and Slightly Wounded.

The Ceremonies at the Unveiling of the Gambetta Statue at Cahors.

\*ENGLAND.

LONDON, April 14.-Col. Majendie, in his report on the recent dynamite attempts, says that the agent used was lignan dynamite, a substance made in America, the manufacture of which is not licensed in England. Further proof of its American make, he asserts, is found in the fact that siabs of the material have been discovered, the paper wrappings of which were marked "Atlas Powder Com-

pany."

He says that the clocks used in the infernal machines were also of American make, and that the pistels were of a type common in America. The report shows that lignan dynamite was a component of the infernal machine imported in Malta from Bavaris in 1881; that it was the agent of the explosions in Possil park. Glasgow, and at the office of 1881; that it was the agent of the explosions in Possil park, Glasgow, and at the office of the London Times in 1883, and, that it was a component of the machine found in Liverpool in April, 1883, and of the cartridges found in the Primrese Hill tunnel in January last. The whole report tends to show that the weapon of the dynamiters is lignan dynamite made in America.

LONDON, April 14.—In discussing the recent arrests of suspected dynamiters, the

cent arrests of suspected dynamiters, the Times this morning says: "The expectation is strong that these arrests will lead to im-portant disclosures which will throw light portant disclosures which will throw light upon the recent explosions. We believe that one or two informers will be produced who will reveal the headquarters of the conspiracy, whether in France or America. We are as-sured that the French authorities are on our side, and the French police will prevent out-

We have, however, no such assurance from We have, however, no such assurance from America. We do not believe that the American police would confive at the sending of infernal machines across the Atlantic, but an open crusade is preached in America against England and funds are collected therefor, and the things which have been threatened have been done. The facts are well known to the American police. They can act now if they choose. But in the present temper of the American people we should not hope much from them.

Advices from Berber make no mention of the fall of Khartoum. The Bishareen Arabs are plundering in the vicinity of Berber, and the governor asks that even a small detachment of English troops be sent to the assistance of the town.

ance of the town.

Charles Reade for several years before his death was engaged in preparing a mass of autobiographical matter, including some picturesque sketches of contemporaries of whom he strongly expressed his personal opinion.
This matter was left unarranged. Part of it
will be published in the course of the year.
Mr. Froude's health is suffering from the

Mr. Froude's health is suffering from the worry experienced in concluding the Carlyle memorials. When the proofs are finished Mr. Froude will visit America and Australia, delivering lectures in the principal cities.

DUBLIN, April 14.—Mr. Charles Dawson, member of parliament for Carlowborough, and Mr. Michael Davitt were presented with the freedom of Limerick to-day. In connection with the event a monster meeting was held, at which resolutions were adopted favoring home rule for Ireland and expressing confidence in Mr. Parnell.

LONDON, April 14.—The United States corvette Trenton has arrived at Bombay.

vette Trenton has arrived at Bombay.
LONDON, April 15.—The decree regarding bribes and aimed at supreme power.

# FRANCE.

Paris, April 14 .- A statue of Gambetta was PARIS, April 14.—A statue of Gambetta was unvieled at Cahors to-day. Prime Minister Ferry in an address deeply regretted Gambetta's primitive death, which had left a void nobody was able to fill. The memory of the deceased would never perish. Love of France was his ruling pasion. Gen. Campenon, minister of war, rendered homage to Gambetta in the name of the army, which he said would never forget the part Gambetta had played. Frenchmen would ever remember. played. Frenchmon would ever remember his words teaching them to love their country to death. Mr. Ferry, infreceiving the bishop and clergy, expressed his wish to maintain the concordat, which he said was a bond un-

uniting church and state.

PARIS, April 14.—Owing to information which the police have obtained through the recent arrests of Fenians in England an English inspector is coming hero to search for dynamiters.

SPAIN.

MADRID, April 14.—The journals which represent the ministry in their comments to-day, respecting the resignation of Gen. Adam Badeau, consul general of the United States at Havana, thank the American government for its kindly and sympathetic feeling towards Spain. They say further that there is no doubt but that Secretary Frelinghuysen may be relied upon to act as did Secretary Hamilton Fish toward these Cuban revolutionaries. It is added also that Secretary Frelinghuyaen has so conducted his corre-spondence that he has evidently forced Badeau to give in his resignation.

ROME, April 14.—The officials of the vatican have ceased discussing the pope's proposed departure from Rome.

# GUATEMALA.

La Libertad, April 14.—An attempt was made yesterday to assassinate the president of Guatemala. The president was slightly

# The Sharon Scandal.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 14 .- In the Sharon divorce case to-day the deposition of H. M. True, of Santa Cruz, was read. During the progress of the trial Harry Wells, a witness for the plaintiff, testified that Sharon had in his presence introduced Miss Hill to True as Mrs. Sharon.

True, who is on his deathbed, deposed that Wells' testimony was "a put-up job" between Miss Hill, Wells, and himself. It was ar-ranged that Miss Hill should testify to that effect, and that he and Wells should confirm the testimony. He became a party to the arrangement, believ-ing that he could make money party that out of it, but now, being on his deathbod, he wanted to tell the whole truth. He said, "I don't propose to go to the grave with a lie on my lips." He stated that counsel for the plaintiff was not a party to the arrangement, but was told of it afterward. True's deposi-tion created a sensation. He is 67 years old,

#### and his death is momentarily expected. Ripe for the Penitentiary.

BALTIMORE, April 14.-This afternoon City Councilman John F. Weyler was approached by William F. Harig and John approached by William F. Harig and John Burnham, who endeavored to engage him in conversation, but Mr. Weyler would not recognize them, and passed on toward the city hall. Harig followed him up and dealt Mr. Weyler a heavy blow on the head with a platel, knecking him down, and then kicked him in the face. A noliceman award the

near the spot where Harig shot James F. Bussy on the eleventh of October last, and of which he was acquitted a short time ago on the ground of self-defense.

er oc. der is Miles St. den 11 March

#### POLITICAL POINTERS.

#### How the Tickets to the Republican National Convention Will be Distributed.

CHICAGO, April 14.—Owing to the fact that members of the national republican committee and of the local committee of ar rangements are constantly receiving applications for seats in the convention, W. K. Sullivan, local secretary, has made the following statement: Tickets will be given the delegates pro rata, and the will be given the delegates pro rata, and the only persons who can supply them will be the delegates to the convention. The seats in the convention remaining after supplying one to each delegate and alternate, 1,000 to the local committee, and reserving from 400 to 600 for the daily press, will be distributed to the several states in exact proportion to the number of their delegates.

BALTIMORE, April 14.—Republican primaries to elect delegates to the third and fourth congressional district conventions in this

congressional district conventions in this city to choose delegates to the national convention and also to the state convention, have been called for the twenty-third instant. The district conventions will be held on the

twenty-fourth instant and the state conven-tion May I.

HARRISBURG, PA., April 14.—The delegates to the republican convention are slow to put in an appearance. Not over a dozen are here, and there is as yet little excitement and nothing of interest developed. Most of the delegates are expected on the noon train

the delegates are expected on the noon train to-morrow.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., April 14.—The republicans on Saturday and to-day selected delegates in several districts to the national republican convention. It is thought that they generally favor Arthur. In the third district to-day at Union Springs resolutions instructing for Arthur, were after a lengthy debate.

ing for Arthur were, after a lengthy debate, tabled. There will probably be two sets of delegates from several districts.

The republican state convention meets here to-morrow. There has been much wrangling throughout the state between the two factions of the party, and a number of contested seats will have to be acted on. Most of the promi-nent white republicans are already here.

nent white republicans are already here.

New York, April 14.—A union meeting of
the republicans of the twenty-third ssembly district was held to-night to suggest
names of delegates to the congressional and
assembly district conventions to be voted
for at the primaries next Friday. Two
tickets were named, both of which are solid
for Arthur, and they will probably be elected.
Resolutions favorable to the nomination of
President Arthur were adopted with little President Arthur were adopted with little

opposition.

FITCHEURG, MASS., April 14.—Republican delegates to the state and district conventions were elected to-night. Most of them were uninstructed, but the delegates from the Fifth ward were instructed for Edmunds.

TERNTON, N. J., April 14.—Returns from the city election come in very slowly. The

TRENTON, N. J., April 14.—Returns from the city election come in very slowly. The indications are that Donnelly (democrat) is elected mayor by about 350 majority, a republican gain of 850. Richard and Ellis (republicans) are probably elected receiver of taxes and school superintendent, respectively. The common council remains democratic. The vote was very large, and a great deal of scratching was done.

scratching was done.

PATERSON, N. J., April 14.—In the charter election to-day the republicans elected five aldermen, the democrats two, and the citizens one. The city and committee boards will have increased republican majorities. The democrats and republicans probably each elect.

one assessor.
PHILADELPHIA, April 14.—A dispatch to the Times from Tunkhannock, Pa., says the the Times from Tunkhannock, Pa., says the republican congressional convention of the fifteenth district to-day elected Galusha A. Grow and F. F. Lyon delegates to the national convention. Both are Blaine men. CALDWELL, IDANO, April 14.—The republicans have elected D. P. Bride and W. N. Shilling as delegates to the Chicago convention. They are uninstructed.

# WORKINGMEN IN COUNCIL.

#### A Great Meeting in New York in Favor of the Eight Hour Law,

NEW YORK, April 14 .- A demonstr workingmen to urge the enactment of the eight hour law was called this evening by the Central Labor union in square. A platform was erected at the upper end of the square, and about this two thousand persons collected at 8 o'clock. Seventeen trades unions were represented. An immense crowd was anticipated and a heavy police force was present. The precautions were unnecessary, for the meet-ing was perfectly orderly, though noisy, and, as far as numbers went, was not much of a

P. J. Gallagher presided. The speakers who addressed the meeting were Edw. King, of the Lye founders' union; John Swinton, P. J. MacGuire, Wm. A. Brown, of Baltimore, and others. They all urged strongly the passage of the eight-hour bill as a measure of inca lculable benefit to the wooking classes.

# Wabash Too Heavy for Gould.

NEW YORK, April 14 .-- A meeting of the board of directors of the Wabash railroad was held to-day in the Western Union buildheld to-day in the Western Union building. The session was a brief one, and it was decided upon the recommendation of Mr. Jay Gould to add the following named gentlemen to the executive committee: Hon. J. F. Joy, of Detroit Col. George L. Dunlap, of Chicago; and George J. Gould, of New York. The two first named gentlemen are practical railroad men and will confer with the management in the west in regard to furthering the interests of the road, Mr. Gould desiring to be relieved of the burden of attending to the details of the management, as heretofore been compelled to do. Superintendent Talmage, of the Wabash company, was Talmage, of the Wabash company, was present and gave some interesting informa-tion in regard to the condition of the road, and predicted great progress for the future. All financial questions were referred to the executive committee with power.

# To Investigate the Riots.

CINCITNATI. April 14.-Judge Avery, in his charge to the special grand jury, made plain to them that they had been summoned after the consideration of the court upon the suggestion of the prosecuting attorney to "inquire and a true presentmake concerning the riot. He charged them their first duty was to inquire if the orime of bribery had been committed in connection with the jury that tried William Berner, and then he inquired if the crime of riot had been committed, and by whom; further, by whose hands the court house had been fired, and if life had been unlaw-fully taken. The entire bench was present during the delivery of the charge. The jury is composed of prominent citizans. They are charged with the strictest secrecy, not even being permitted to tell what witnesses ap-pear before them.

Wholesale Discharge of Employes. PHILADELPHIA, April 14 .- John Mundell & Co., shoe manufacturers, have discharged all their hands, 650 in number, in consequence of a refusal by the employes to accept a pro-posed reduction in wages. The sheemakers were directed by their assembly of the Knights of Labor not to accede to the reduc-tion. A meeting of the employes will be held to-morrow to discuss the difficulty.

# Sadie Raigh Pleads Guitty.

CHICAGO, ILL., April 14 .- Sadio Raigh who shot and killed Patrick Kingsley, head waiter of the Brigg's house, in this city, on Dec. 7, 1883, owing to the fact that Kingsley him in the face. A policeman arrested the circulated scandalous stories about her, assailants, and they were sent to jail for pleaded guilty to the charge of manslaughter trial. The assault was made on Mr. Weyler this afternoon. Sentence was deferred.

#### EMANCIPATION.

The Final Arrangements Decided Upon and Perfected.

#### The Line of March and the Organizations That Will Participate.

The line of march and the formation of the procession for the emancipation celebration were decided upon by the chief of staff last evening. The procession will be formed on M street northwest, with the right resting on Twenty-first street, at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning and move at 11 o'clock sharp. The morning and move at 11 o'clock sharp. The line of march will be as follows: Twonty-first to west P street, to Thirty-second, to M, to Pennsylvania avenue, to the President's house, along Pennsylvania avenue to Louisiana avenue, to Four-and-a-half street, pass the commissioners' office to Pennsylvania avenue, to First street, around the south side of the capitol, thence down Pennsylvania avenue east to eleventh street, thence to Lincoln park and returning along East Capitol street to New Jersey avenue, to Indiana avenue, to the city hall, where it will disband. The formation will be as follows:

Chief marshal, Gilbert L. Joy; chief of staff, George D. Graham; right aid, Logan Williams: loft aid, Tillman Dorsey; secretary to chief of staff, Rev. Robert Johnson,

tary to chief of staff, Rev. Robert Johnson, and staff. First division—Monumental band, of Balti-

and staff.

First division—Monumental band, of Baltimore; Butler Zouaves, Maj. Charles B. Fisher commanding; company A. Washington Cadets, Capt. C. A. Fleetwood, commanding; Capitol City Guards, companies A and B. Capts. T. S. Kelley and W. P. Gray; Lincoln Light Infantry, Capt. William Cornell; company A. Webster Rifles, Capt. P. H. Simmons; Monumental Guards, of Baltimore, Capt. Matthews; Baltimore Rifles; Smith's commandery, Capt. Smith; O. P. Morton Post, No. 4, G. A. R., J. W. Butcher, commander; Knights of St. Augustine, Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4.

Second division.—St. Joseph commandery and Grand lodge of Gallileean Fishermen, Henry Hutchinson, chief commander, No. 1, Aucient and Independent Order of Moses, Eminent Commander Gabriel Munroe, Generalissimo Silas Chapman, and Capt. Gen. Henry Morris; Hod Carriers' union, No. 1, Gay Heart socials, Arthur's Social club, Cosmetic club, Mignonette club, Golden Lake club, Imperial club, Celestia club, Golden Lake club, Imperial club, Wide Awake club, Laboring Men's union, No. 2, of Georgetown, George Bowman, president; Social Enterprise, No. 1. Third division—Band, president of emancipation, the orstors of the day, chairmen of committees, in carriages, Congressional Social club, No. 1; Knights of Labor, Friends of

pation, the erators of the day, chairmen of committees, in carriages, Congressional Social club, No. 1; Knights of Labor, Friends of Zion, Grand United Order of Chaldeans, Yantic Cadet Social club, West Star Pioneer corps, No. 1; East Washington Twilight, W. B. M. U. A., No. 1; Washington Tournament club, No. 1; Wagon Drivers' union, No. 1 (mounted), J. H. Bell commanding.

Exercises will be held in the evening at Asbury M. E. church, corner Eleventh and K. streets northwest, George W. Stewart, president, and William Calvin Chase, master of ceremonies. Orators for the occasion: Hon.

president, and William Calvin Chase, master of ceremonies. Orators for the occasion: Hon. George W. Williams, of Boston, the colored historian, and Prof. Richard T. Greener, LL. D. Addresses will be made by Hon. Frederick Douglass, Col. William Murrell, Mr. R. W. Laws, and others.

All members of the staff will report to the chief of staff, at No. 1628 U street, at 8 o'clock to-morrow morning. The marshals of each district will report to the chief of staff, George D. Graham, at the corner of Twenty-first and M streets, at 9 o'clock sharp.

The headquarters of the chief marshal has been established at Carson's hotel, No. 326 Pennsylvania avenue.

Pennsylvania avenue.
All the aids, staff officers, members of the committee on arrangements, and finance committee, are directed to meet to-night at Carson's hotel at 7:30 o'clock for the purpose

Base Ball	Yesterday.	45
At Baltimore—  Baltimore	0 2 0 0 1 0	0 0 Errors-

At New York-

At New York—The game between the Brooklyn and Cleveland clubs to-day resulted in favor of the Brooklyns by the following Brooklyn...... 0 1 2 0 1 4 1 1 x-10 Cleveland...... 0 1 2 0 0 0 1 0 0-4 Cleveland....... 0 1 2 0 0 0 1 0 0— Base hits—Brooklyn, 12; Cleveland, 8. Errors-Brooklyn, 6; Cleveland, 9.

At Richmond-

At Springfield, Mass .-Base hits-Ambersts, 10; Springfields, 3, Errors-Springfields, 10; Ambersts, 4.

# The First Race Meeting.

NEW ORLEANS, April 14.—The spring meet ng of the new Louisiana Jockey club was inaugurated to-day with a good attendance The weather was cloudy and warm, and the

The weather was cloudy and warm, and the track not fast.

First race, introductory scramble, three-quarters of a mile, was won by Gilt, with Marsh Redon second, and Pope Lee third, beating Miss Harding, Wild Kansas, Eagdad, Torrid Zone, Hickory Jim, Jere Black, and First Blossom. Time, 1:18‡. Pools sold—Marsh Redon, \$25; the field, \$16.

Second race, the Pickwick stakes, 1½ miles.

Second race, the Pickwick stakes, 11 miles

Second race, the Pickwick stakes, 14 miles, was won by Zamara by two lengths, Peter L. second, and Glenbar third, beating Ten Stroke and Richard L. Time, 2:17.

Third race, weights 7 pounds before the scale, 1 mile. Only two started—Fellowplay, the favorite, and Bounie Australian. Fellowplay won easily. Time, 1:464.

Fourth race, selling allowances, 1è miles, was won by Mart Boarhew, with Lillie Dale second, and Manitoba third, beating Annie G. and Fair Count. Time, 2:01.

# Stricken With Paralysis.

NEW YORK, April 14.-John C. Perry, Inte counsel to the police department of Brooklyn, and ex-state senator, was stricken with paralysis in front of the Fulton bank in Brooklyn this afternoon. He was lately ap-pointed chief justice of Wyoming Territory, and was to leave for his new post this week. His condition is very critical. Judge Perry, after remaining two hours in

the Fulton bank, was removed to his house unconscious. He died while preparations were being made to put him in bed.

# Action of Ohio Representatives on the Morrison Bill.

Nine of the thirteen democratic mem-bers of the Ohio delegation in the house of representatives met at the house of Repre-

CASCULATION AND A COST C. T. L.

brought out the fact that five of the nine present would vote to take up the bill. It was also stated in the meeting that two of the absences had announced their determination to vote to take up the bill.

There was no attempt to pledge the delegation to abide the will of the majority, it being understood that it would be impossible to so bind them.

to so bind them.

The democratic members of the Pennsylvania delegation will meet at 10 o'clock this morning to consider what their action shall be with reference to the Morrison bill.

#### A GLOOMY ANNIVERSARY.

The Night That Abraham Lincoln Was Killed-Something About Ford's Old Theater.

Nineteen years ago last night President Abraham Lincoln was assassinated in Ford's theater (now the army medical museum), on Tenth street, near F. The assassin was J. Wilkes Booth.

THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN of April 15, 1865, was draped in mourning, while the fol-lowing headlines announced the dastardly

Wholesale Assessination! President Lincoln Murdered!
Secretary Seward and His Son Assaulted by an Assault and Terribly Wounded! Ring the Alarm Bell!

Murder and Treason! Following these lines was a full account of the occurrence, including the official orders and proclamations.

The deed was committed at 10:30 o'clock. The president was control in his box, with Mrs. Lincoln, Miss Harris, and Maj. Rathbun. Booth emerged from behind the scenes, sprang into the box with pistol in hand, and shot the president through the back of

his head. Almost immediately he jumped from the box to the stage, waving a desperate looking dagger. "Sic semper tyrannis," he shouted, at the same time making a dash toward the rear of the theater, where a saddled horse was await-ing him. The remainder of the story is well

the theater, where a suddled norse was awatting him. The remainder of the story is well known—his escape, pursuit, and subsequent death at the hands of Corbett.

At the same hour Secretary Seward and his son were desperately assaulted and stabbed by a ruflian at their home. The secretary was confined to his bed by sickness at the

was connected in section states at the time.

The scene of the tragedy, Ford's old theater, is now occupied as an army medical museum and branch of the pension office. The upper stories are used by the museum authorities and the first floor as a branch of the pension bureau. In the latter department nearly 100 clerks are employed. The interior of the building is dark and dingy, and in no way adapted to its present use. It has frequently been called the "Black Hole of Calcutta." Numerous gas jets are required to give light for the clerks to work during the day. The ventilation is very imperfect, and consequently tends to produce sickness. The dust of nineteen years has settled upon the curiosities of anatomy stored in the building, and the attendant musty odors are almost and the attendant musty odors are almost unbearable. The building was intended for a theater, but never for a scientific museum

or government department,
The army medical museum played a rather The army medical museum played a rather important part in the second presidential assassination as well as the first. The brain of Charles J. Guiteau was analysed under its roof; his body was cremated in the cellar; his skeleton is displayed in one of the cases up stairs, and the skin of his head is preserved in a jar of alcohol in one of the rooms. The old building has a record of gloom attached to its history.

#### AGAINST SILVER COINAGE.

#### Meeting of Representatives of the Chambers of Commerce of the Leading

Cittes.

A meeting of representatives of various coards of trade of the country was held at Willard's hotel last night to urge upon congress the policy of the discontinuance, for two years at least, of the coinage of the silver dollar. Delegates were present from the commercial bodies of Portland, Providence, New Haven, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, and Minneapolis. Martin Cole, of St. Louis, presided, and H. P. Boyden, of Cincinnati, was secreand H. P. Boyden, of Cincinnati, was secre-tary. Resolutions approving the policy of discontinuing silver coinage were read from the beards of trade of Mobile, New Orleans, Detroit, Louisville, Milwaukee, Buffalo, Memphis, Paterson, Cloveland, and Charleston, and the New York stock, cotton, and produce exchanges. These bodies represent the active business interests of the leading cities of the country, and in every case, with but one exception, the resolutions were reported as having been adopted unanimously. A letter was read from Mr. Halstead, of Cincinnati, strongly urging the

cessation for the present of silver coinage. A memorial, signed by 2,600 citizens of New York, was read favoring the same policy. Brief addresses were made by a number of Brief addresses were made by a number of the gentlemen present setting forth that thoughtful business men of the country are viewing with alarm the present and pro-spective effects of the silver issue, and also that a very decided change in the popular sentiment on silver coinage is taking place in various localities in the west and south. The representatives of the boards of trade

# now here will have a hearing before the house committee on coinage this morning.

# Cuban Affairs.

The Spanish minister in this city received a dispatch yesterday from the governor general of Cubs in answer to inquiries sent by him as to the extent and character of the by him as to the extent and character of the Aguero movement in Cuba, in which it is stated that the Aguero party, numbering only eighteen or twenty men, has divided into several small detachments, which are making for Cienaga with the Spanish troops in close pursuit, and that, with the exception of the movements of this small band, there is nothing to disturb the tranquility of the island

Information was also received at the Spanish legation to-day from New Orleans that there are rumors there of the organization of another expedition in the United States for a descent upon Cuba, neither the locality of the organization nor its probable points of de-parture being stated. Senor Valers, the Spanish minister, says be

has no information concerning the resigna-tion of Consul General Badeau other than tion of Consul General Badeau other than what has appeared in the press, and that he has not at any time had any communication with Secretary Frelinghuysen respecting the recall of Mr. Badeau.

#### Easter Entertainments. The Easter ball of the Butchers' Ben evolent association was given last evening at Cosmopolitan hall, and was well attended,

The grand Easter ball of the Union Veteran Corps, Capt. Thomason, was held last evening in Masonic temple, and was largely attended. The theater and ball of the Germania Maennercher were given last evening at Abner's hall. The programme was well rendered.

Abners half, The programms was well rendered.

A damatic entertainment was given yesterday afternoon by the students of Gonzaga college, in Gonzaga hall.

The first annual ball of Parnell branch, Irish National league, was given last evening at the Rifles' armory, and was well attended.

# The Princeton Glee Club.

The Princeton Coilege Glee club will give a concert at Lincoln hall to-morrow evening. The programme consists of many choice serepresentatives met at the house of Representative Jordan last night to take counsel together as to the taking up of the Morrison bill in the house to-day. The nine were Messr. Jo dan. Folket, Warner, Seney, Hurd. Wilkins, Le Fevre, Foran and Murray, the absentees being Messrs. Converse, Paige, Hill, and Geddes.

The programme consists of many choice selections: among them are the "Champagne song," by Schroter, Geible's serenade song, and among others a number of the college songs for which Princeton beys are famous. The reputation of this club is such as to ensure an excellent cutertainment. They are under the direction of Edward L. Bradley, with Charles I. Young as accommends. Several of the club are Washington boys.

# GARFIELD HOSPITAL FAIR.

#### A Brilliant and Beautiful Entertainment for a National Object.

for the benefit of the Garfield Memorial hospital, was successfully inaugurated yester day afternoon thy a first entertainment for the little people. The hall was prettily decorated and the booths were tastefully ornamented. All of the ladies of the society and their assistants were present during some of the afternoon hours, and the caudy table, under the management of Miss Miller and Miss Feelinghays and Miss Feelinghays and Miss Feelinghays and Miss Feelinghays. Frelinghuysen, did a thriving business during the children's entertainment. The sweets were displayed in most tempting array, and the bower was hung over with fancy satin bags for the bon bons. The fete began with Mr. Frisbie's magical wonders, and he held his audience spellbound for over an hour with his feats. Cards jumped out of the pack with his feats. Cards jumped out of the pack at his command, 50-cent pieces were found in the girls' bonnets, and in the boys' hair, and were made to appear and disappear at will. A drum hung by a string from the middle of the hall played to order, and rapped back answers intelligently. The living sphinx was shown in a box with other marvels, and the children applauded all the conjuring tricks with the greatest enthusiasm. Mr. Charles Sherrill and Clayton McMichael, jr., gave their great Punch and Judy show, in which Punch played the banjo, sang songs, rode his horse, hanged the hangman, slew people by the dozen, and was finally carried off by a black gentleman with horns and hooff. The ice cream and the lemonade departments were well patronized, and the grab bag was a source of intense speculation.

a source of intense speculation.

About 4 o'clock the young ladies began to appear in their fancy costumes for the kettledrum, and the pink dresses of the candy girls and the nurses' costumes of the other assistants were much admired. The hall was filled during the afternoon performance, and the little folks were legion.

the little folks were legion.

The fair blossomed in its true proportions in the evening, when Marini's little hall was crowded with a most distinguished company. The assistants were all present in their pretty costumes, and the band furnished music which inspired the dancers during the later hours, when the crowd had thinned somewhat. The tea, coffee, and checolate tables on the stage were presided over by Mrs. Loring, Mrs. Hitt, and Mrs. Hayes, and Miss Frelinghuysen, Miss Gwynn, Miss Gwynn, Miss Gwynn, Miss Wailach, Miss Stifft, Miss Stewart, Miss Nordhoff, Miss Patterson, Miss Caney, Miss Redfern, Westing hurses costumes of pink and blue seersucker. Miss Sherrill and Miss Niles presided over the floral booths at one side of the stage, and their assistants reamed the hall seersucker. Miss Sherrill and Miss Niles prosided over the floral booths at one side of the stage, and their assistants roamed the hall with their boutonnieres and roses. Miss Mitchell was a pretty flower girl with clusters of lines on her large hat, and Miss Hill, Miss Ricketts, Miss Hubbard, and Miss Hockwell were other flowers with their costumes. Miss Waite and Miss Stevens had charge of the grab bag and several articles for rafile. The candy table was the chief center of attraction, and after making \$50 in the afternoon, the sum was more than quadrunled at night. Miss Dora Miller, Miss Beale, Miss Loring, Miss McKeever, Miss McCune, Miss Biaine, Miss Riggs, Miss Morgan, and Miss Meigs, at this table, wore gesthetic dresses of pink mull, with wide pink sashes, puffed sleeves, and low surplice necks. At the fancy tables, under the charge of Mrs. Ferris, Mrs. Rockwell, and Mrs. English, the young ladies wore white dresses and plenant bedices of pink and blue satin. Mrs. Willard, Miss Smith, Mrs. Blair, and Mrs. Gibson took part in the duties of the evening and presided at different tables. The President came late with a party, made the tour of the hall, and patronized the fair generously. The attendance numbered at least a thousand during the evening, and was quite as distinguished as any private entertainment of the winter, including many of the foreign ministers and leading society people. The fair will close to-night, when dancing and music will again be a feature.

# HELPING THE POSTMAN.

#### Senate Amendments to the Postoffice Appropriation Bill Add to It Gener-

The postoffice appropriation bill, reported to the senate yesterday as amended by the committee on appropriations, provides for a total appropriation of \$49,725,400, which is \$3,499,500 more than the original house bill gave, and \$5,235,880 in excess of last year's appropriation. The senate amendments increase the item of pay to postmasters \$1,250,000; for letter carriers and expenses of \$1,230,000; for letter carriers and expenses of free delivery, \$400,000; for railroad transpor-tation of mails, \$2,050,000. There is, also, \$185,000 appropriated for necessary and special facilities on trunk lines, and \$4,500 for expenses of delegates to the universal postal union congress, to be held at Lisbon, Portugal, in October.

The sequete committee has stricken out the

The senate committee has stricken out the provision of the house bill for a reduction of 5 per cent, per annum on the compensation to be paid to railroads as fixed by the act of 1878, and the provision giving land grant roads but one-half the pay given to other roads for the

ame service. It has also stricken from the house bill the section providing that periodical publications other than daily newspapers, when delivered within the city wherein they are published, be charged with the same postage as is now or may be imposed by law upon such publica-tions when delivered elsewhere than in the

city of publication.

It has added an amendment to provide that of the \$200,000 appropriated for the expenses of the mail depredation division \$3,000 shall be paid the chief postoffice in-spector, and that postoffice inspectors shall be allowed \$4 per day for personal expenses, in

#### IMPORTANT PATENT DECISION. The Supreme Court Relieves the Secre-

lieu of the charges now provided for by law.

#### tary of the Interior of One Arduou Duty. The supreme court of the district, sitting

in banc, yesterday decided, in the patent case of Roe vs. Scott, that there is no appeal to the secretary of the interior from a de cision of the commissioner of patents. The custom of entertaining such appeals sprung up during Secretary Kirkwood's administra-tion, and has continued down to the present time, the records showing that many decisions of the commissioner have been reversed by the secretary. Assistant Secretary of the Interior Joslyn

Assistant Secretary of the Interior Joslyn was seen by a Republican reporter last night. He was asked what effect the above decision would have on patent office practice. "It does not make a great deal of difference," he said, "because the secretary of the interior is only an intermediate court of appeals. Contestants have the right to appeal from his decision. They will now have to appeal directly to the courts, instead of to the secretary. The decision of the supreme court. secretary. The decision of the supreme court makes any decision of the commissioner of patents final, as far as the interior department

# St. Patrick's Fair.

is concerned.

There will be given a grand fair for the benefit of St. Patrick's church, at the National Rifles' armory, commencing to-day and continuing to the twenty-sixth. The ladies of the church have used every effort to make the affair successful and pleasant, and an en-joyable evening will be insured to all who patronize it. Lunch will be furnished every day between the hours of 11:30 s.m. and

# The Weather.

Cloudy seather and rain, slight rise in temperature, outlenst to southwest winds, and lower barameter. Yesterday's thermometer—7 a. m., 37,7%, 11 a. m., 50.4°, 3 p. in., 58.5°, 7 p. m., 54.1°; 11 p. m., 50.3°;

# FREE BRIDGE SHAKING.

#### Ladies' Aid society of the District of Columbia A Long Debate Concerning the Best Place to Put a Free Bridge

Awakens a Feeling Favorable to Putting It on the Table.

#### The District Commissioners Mentioned as Greatly Opposed to Any Bridge.

#### The Proposed Purchase of the Aqueduct Piers Denounced as a Job.

The house, in committee of the whole, yesterday afternoon discussed the bill providing for a free bridge across the Potomac at the "Three Sisters." The bill was in charge of Gen. Shelley, who said that the "Three Sisters" site was the most economical. An amendment increasing the appropriation from \$140,000 to \$220,000 and various minor amendments offered by members of the district committee were passed without dissent from anybody. Various members spoke very briefly about matters of detail in connection with the enterprise, but the house appeared to take very little interest in the affair until Mr. Barbour arose with an amendment giving the secretary of war authority to purchase the Aqueduct bridge from the canal trustees for \$5,000 and pay \$15,000 to get rid of cer-tain liens which existed against the structure. Gen. Shelley objected to this proposition on the ground that the government would only get a right of way across the canal company's

the ground that the government would only get a right of way across the caual company's piers, and \$100,000 was too much to pay for it.

Mr. Barbour's amendment was carried, however, without a dissenting voice.

A motion was made to amend this amendment so that the government would pay \$50,000 instead of \$100,000 for the Aqueduct bridge, and for the first time the house seemed to get interested in the matter.

Mr. Barbour said it was a good bargain for the government at \$100,000.

Mr. Barbour said it was a good bargain for the government at \$100,000.
Mr. John S. Wise advocated the "Three Sisters" site. He said that the old Virginia reads centered there, and that the counties of Loudoun and Fairfax would be accommodated by it, whereas the Aqueduct bridge would only accommodate the little cut-off county of Alexandria, not more than three or four miles square altogether. This was a scheme to enable a bankrupt concern to sell a broken-down old structure to the government for a fat sum, and he did not believe in it.

ment for a fat sum, and he did not believe in it.

Mr. Rockwell thought this objection came too late, as they had already accepted Mr. Barbour's amendment. He favored giving the secretary of war authority to use \$55,000, if necessary, to purchase the Aqueduct bridge.

Mr. Crisp then made the first speech against the erection of a free bridge. He said he was informed that the district commissioners were opposed to the bridge, and he could see no reason why the United States should build a bridge for the benefit of Virginia. He thought the commissioners, who were here all the time, ought to know more about the needs and wants of the district than the district committee, whose members were only here for a year or two.

Mr. Laird said that the nation should at least build a bridge so that people could get from the national capital to the national cemetery.

Mr. Wilson, of West Virginia, advocated the purchase of the Aqueduct bridge.

Mr. Blount and Gen. Warner both objected to that part of Mr. Barbour's amendment which provided that the government should build a bridge strong enough to support the canal company's aqueduct.

This difficulty was surmounted by an amendment, effered by Mr. Wilson, giving the canal company the right to suspend its aqueduct from the piers of the bridge, but saying nothing about the superstructure. It

squeduct from the piers of the bridge, but saying nothing about the superstructure. It was adopted.

Mr. White, of Kentucky, urged that Vir-

ginia ought to pay half of the cost of buildin; the bridge.

Mr. Tucker said the constitution of Virginia would not allow money to be appro-

ginia would not allow money to be appropriated for that purpose.

Mr. White suggested that congress walt until Virginia amended her constitution.

Gen. Shelley offered an amendment provididing that if the secretary of war did not obtain a good title to the Aqueduct bridge within sixty days he proceed to build a bridge at the "Three Sisters" site. It was adopted.

Mr. Follet, of the aperopriations committee, said he had been a long time trying to make the expenditures of the district come within its revenues, and he did not approve of this expenditure, which would greatly reduce all street and sewer improvement. The district

street and sewer improvement. The district commissioners did not approve of this ex-penditure. Congress was duing it of its own motion and without any application from motion and without any application from anybody.

Mr. Wilson said the people of the district did not want the bridge. He thought it a shame imposed upon a poor soldier's widow, a prohibitory tax, when she wanted to visit the grave of her husband. Mr. Illount again opposed the bill on the strength of the commissioners objection to it. He said, apparently with ne intention to jest, that the missioners objection to it. He said, apparently with no intention to jest, that the commissioners represented the people who paid one-half of the cost, and when they opposed this project congress ought not to insidu on it. Mr. Cannon spoke against the bill, giving the same reasons as Mr. Follet.

Gen. Shelley moved that the committee rise and report back the bill flavorably. The vote was 49 ayes to 88 noes, and the point of "no quorum" was raised. Gen. Shelley moved that the committee rise, and the movement of the third that the committee rise, and the movement of the third that the committee rise, and the movement of the movement

"no quorum" was raised. Gen. Shelley moved that the committee rise, and the mo tion was adopted.

Mr. Fellet then reported from the commit-

tee on appropriations the district appropria-tion bill, which was ordered to be printed and recommitted. The house then adjourned.

Mass Meeting on the Educational Bill. The arrangements for the mass meeting which is to be held under the auspices of Union Bethel historical and literary association this evening in the Nineteenth street tion this evening in the Nineteenth street Baptist church are all complete, and the meeting will be a representative one. John F. Cook, esq., will preside. A paper on "National Aid to Education" will be presented by Prof. Charles A. Gardiner, of Hamilton college, New York. Hon, Fred. Douglas, Rev. William Waring, and Prof. R. T. Greener will deliver addresses. A series of resolutions will be adopted by the meeting and forwarded to the house of representatives, favoring the passage of the educational bill. The Washington harmonic company will furnish selecington harmonic company will furnish selec-tions during the evening, with an additional solo from Miss Clara Green, whose recent ap-

pearance before the Union Bethel created much favorable comment. Invitations have been sent to Senator Blair, Congressman De Wyait Aiken, and other members of the committee on educa-

# Union Degree Temple.

The Degree Temple, L. O. G. T., met at Timms's hall last evening for the purpose of conferring the degree of Fidelity upon twelve applicants from the several subordinate lodges in this jurisdiction. At the degree meeting in May it is expected that many of the delegates to the R. W. G. L. who will be in the city at the time will attend and witness the conferring of the higher degrees of the order. All full degree members will be allowed to be present on the occasion. After the transaction of routine business an excellent programs was rendered, consisting of readings, recitations, songs, and instrumental music, after which the temple adjourned to meet the first Tucsday in May. applicants from the several subordinate lodges